

Healthgrids

Vincent Breton PharmaGrid workshop June 31st 2003



Goal of the talk

- Present a perspective on grid applications for health
- Present some pilot projects and initiatives through that perspective

Health in this talk is used to cover all features related to healthcare from molecule to population

- Medical informatics
- Bio-informatics

BioInfoMed white paper (http://www.isciii.es)



A vision on grids for health Sofie Nørager, European Commission, eHealth Unit

- Application of the existing GRID technology to health for both computing intensive applications and knowledge discovery.
 - to connect databases of heterogeneous content (biology and medicine) enabling new knowledge discovery (research, drug design), better guidance and information (healthcare professionals).
 - to increase computing power for imaging, simulation and modelling thus allowing these fields to take into account more data and therefore to provide more accurate results.
- Development of new middleware and new applications required to meet specific request from the Health domain (Ex. Security, heterogeneity of data ...).





A grid for health

- From escience : a distributed environment for biomedical sciences
 - Research centres
 - University hospitals
 - Computing centres
- to eHealth : a distributed environment for daily medical practice
 - Hospitals
 - Regional health networks
 - Healthcare administrations
 - Physicians





What is required for a health grid ?

- GEANT and NRENs provide network infrastructure for research
- Grid infrastructure is under construction
 - Still hard to install a grid node
- Need to develop middleware
 - Security
 - Access to heterogeneous DB
- Need for high level user interfaces
- Need for pilot applications



FP6 Grid calls

Virtual Lab, Mygrid,...



eDiamond, Gemss,...

Health, a growing field of

- Multiplication of grid projects related to health make last year in Europe, Asia/pacific and United States
- Every project is a piece of a large puzzle
- First initiatives to share/promote information/standards for life science/health grids
 - Healthgrid cluster of projects & association
 - GGF Life Sciences Research Group
 - Heaven/Bigger networks of excellence





DataGrid, prototype of a biomedical grid

- DataGrid is a european funded project
- DataGrid has three ambitious goals :
 - Develop a middleware
 - Deploy a testbed
 - Have large scale applications running on this testbed
- The biomedical work package faces three challenges
 - Make the middleware meet biomedical specific requirements
 - Run biomedical applications
 - Deploy grid nodes in biomedical laboratories

Biomedical technical requirements

Critical for development Mid-term requirement Long-term requirement

- 1. Large user community -anonymous/group login
- 2. Data management
 - -data updates and data versioning
- 3. Security
 - -disk / network encryption
- 4. Limited response time
 - -fast queues

- 5. High priority jobs
 privileged users
- 6. Interactivity
 - communication between user interface and CE's
- 7. Parallelization
 - MPI site-wide / gridwide
- 8. Pipeline processing
 - pipeline description language / scheduling



Status of biomedical applications

- Bio-informatics
 - Phylogenetics : BBE Lyon (T. Sylvestre)
 - Search for primers : Centrale Paris (K. Kurata)
 - Statistical genetics : CNG Evry (N. Margetic)
 - Bio-informatics web portal : IBCP (C. Blanchet)
 - Parasitology : LBP Clermont, Univ B. Pascal (N. Jacq)
 - Data-mining on DNA chips : Karolinska (R. Médina, R. Martinez)
 - Geometrical protein comparison : Univ. Padova (C. Ferrari)
- Medical imaging
 - MR image simulation : CREATIS (H. Benoit-Cattin)
 - Medical data and metadata management : CREATIS (J. Montagnat)
 - Mammographies analysis ERIC/Lyon 2 (S. Miguet, T. Tweed)
 - Simulation platform for PET/SPECT based on Geant4 : GATE collaboration (L. Maigne)



GEMSS

Main **GEMSS** Goals:

- Secure and lawful Grid provision of med. sim. services,
- Build 6 Grid-enabled med. prototype applications,
- Build suitable middleware on top of common standards,
- Install and evaluate a GEMSS test-bed,
- Anticipate privacy, security and other legal concerns related to providing medical services over the Internet.



GEMSS Test-bed Applications

Name	Domain	Class	Users
Maxillo-facial surgery simulation	Medicine – pre- surgical planning	Distributed supercomputing / On demand	Medical doctors, researchers
Neurosurgery support	Medicine – intra- operative planning	On demand	Medical doctors, researchers
Radiotherapy planning	Medicine – Monte Carlo treatment simulation	On demand / distributed supercomputing	Medical end-users; Doctors, researchers
Inhaled drud delivery planning	Medicine – air flow dynamics	On demand / distributed supercomputing	Medical end-users; Doctors, researchers
Cardio-vascular system simulation	Medicine – blood flow dynamics	On demand	Medical end-users; Doctors, researchers
Advanced image reconstruction	Medicine – nuclear / in vivo diagnostics	On demand	Medical end-users; Doctors, researchers



Summary

Status of Work:

GEMSS is about to finalise its design phase: client-server arch. based on web services (OGSA-compliant).

Outlook: prototype system – Feb. 2004 final GEMSS system – Aug. 2004

Contribution to Standardisation:

GEMSS is assessing its involvement in GGF, IETF or W3C.

Final Strategy has yet to be decided.

To widen the impact of the healthgrid cluster, the Healthgrid association **HE**

- To disseminate information on grids for health
 - Summaries and links to health related grid projects
 - Available tools (software platforms, middleware,...)
 - Tutorials
- To foster exchange between projects, end users and technology developers
 - To avoid reinventing the wheel
 - Through conferences
- To promote standards
 - Involvement in GGF Life Science Research group
- Open to any new member
 - Contact point : Y. Legrè (legre@clermont.in2p3.fr)
 - Web site : http://www.healthgrid.org

Scientific advisory Board : H-C Hoppe (Pallas) G. Lonsdale(NEC) R. McClatchey(UWE) V.B

Administration board : C. Bessège F. Hernandez (CNRS) V. Hernandez (UPV) N. Jacq (CNRS) Y. Legrè (UA) J. Leunissen (EMBnet)



Healthgrid conferences

- Jointly organised by CERN, CNRS and EMBnet with the support of the eHealth unit DG-INFSO
- Meeting point for actors of grids for health
 - End users = healthcare professionals / providers + academic & industrial researchers and developers from bio-informatics and medical-informatics
 - Grid applications developers
 - Technology developers
- First conference in Lyon (January 2003)
- Next conference in Clermont-Ferrand (January 2004)



Healthgrid conference, Jan 29-30 2004 (Clermont-Ferrand, France)

- Topics
 - middleware and infrastructures to build an healthgrid
 - needs and requirements from users community
 - results of existing pilots around Europe and the world
- Pharma community should participate actively (C. Jones in Steering committee)
- Web site : http://clermont2004.healthgrid.org



Other attempts to organize the

• HEAVEN : to pioneer a health grid

- Submitted to IST call 1 (eHealth)
- Partners : CNRS, CEA, CERN, DKFZ, EMBnet, EPCC, Geneva University Hospitals, IBM, INFN, Karolinska Institute, Moscow Telecommunication Centre, NEC C&C Research Laboratories, SIEMENS AG, Universidad Politecnica de Valencia (UPV)
- BIGGER : to grid-enable bioinformatics resources
 - Led by EBI
 - To be submitted to RTD call 2



Research Group

- Still in its infancy : first meeting at GGF7, second meeting at GGF8 (Seattle, last week)
- Mid term goals
 - Reference Architectures for Life Science Grids
 - Workflows
 - LSG requirements document
- Short term : identify life science grid projects in the world



Conclusion

- Health is a growing field of applications for grids
- But there is a long way to go from eScience to eHealth : technical, legal, ethical
- For grids to meet health specific needs
 - Specific requirements must be expressed (pharma)
 - Need for dissemination and tutorials
 - Need for dialog between technology developers and end users (prism)
 - Need for pilot applications
- Welcome to the Healthgrid association and Healthgrid conference (Jan 29-30 2004)



